

Exam Number/Code:0B0-108

Exam Name:System Administration
Exam

Version: Demo

<http://cert24.com/>

QUESTION 1:

What are the options available for configuring SSL in WebLogic Server? Select all that apply.

- A. Client Certs Checked and Requested
- B. Client Certs Requested But Not Enforced
- C. Client Certs Not Checked
- D. Client Certs Not Requested

Answer: B,D

QUESTION 2:

Scenario : While you are setting up a WebLogic Server domain for a fulfillment service application you have the following requirements: The Fulfillment application should be scalable and highly available; different users will use the application using a different DNS name. This application is also exposed to some business partners using other protocols in addition to HTTP and this site also needs to be configured for transport level security. Different certificates should be installed in the server for different clients (using different DNS names). Even the site should withstand hardware NIC failures too. How can WebLogic Server leverage the multiple physical NICs available on the hardware and be configured to withstand NIC failures so that customers will have high-availability for their applications?

- A. By configuring HTTP Parameters for the server
- B. By configuring network channels for different NICs
- C. By deploying and targeting different applications on different NICs directly
- D. By enabling the Managed Server Independence mode flag for the respective WebLogic Server.

Answer: B

QUESTION 3:

What two best practices should be used when exporting an application's deployment configuration?

- A. Create null variables for all of an application's external resource-name dependencies.
- B. Use weblogic.PlanGenerator only for exporting resource dependencies. C. Use the Administration Console to remove variables from a plan.
- D. Use the Administration Console to add individual tuning property values to the deployment plan or to validate a custom deployment plan.

Answer: B,D

QUESTION 4:

An application needs to be upgraded using the production redeployment strategy. Which of the following are the deployment restrictions (Choose two)?

- A. Deployment targets cannot be changed.
- B. The security model cannot be changed.
- C. A new application must be loaded from the same directory as the old application.
- D. The version identifier must be specified in the application's MANIFEST.MF file.

Answer: A,B

QUESTION 5:

Assuming that the Administration Port is enabled, which of the following statements are true?

- A. Managed Servers must connect to the Administration Server through the administration port.
- B. All the Managed Servers and Administration Servers must be configured for SSL protocol.
- C. HTTP Session Replication between two Managed Servers will use the administration port.
- D. The Administration Console will still be available using the HTTP normal listen port.

Answer: A,B

QUESTION 6:

Which of the following is false regarding auto-deployment?

- A. If auto-deployment is enabled, when an application is copied into the /autodeploy directory of the Administration Server, the Administration Server detects the presence of the new application and deploys it automatically.
- B. If you delete application files from the /autodeploy directory when the server is not active, WebLogic Server will still detect that the application files were deleted even when the server is again in an active state.
- C. When you switch from the development mode to production mode, any applications that were previously deployed via the /autodeploy directory remain deployed; if you wish to undeploy or redeploy such applications after you have switched to production mode, you must undeploy or redeploy them manually.
- D. When an application has been auto-deployed in the exploded archive format, the Administration Server periodically looks for a file named REDEPLOY in the exploded

application directory. If the timestamp on this file changes, the Administration Server redeploys the exploded directory.

E. Production mode disables the auto-deployment feature and prevents any applications you place in the /autodeploy directory after you switch to production mode from being deployed.

Answer: B

QUESTION 7:

Scenario : Consider a slow performing WebLogic cluster wherein the response time exceeds the SLA requirement of 12 milliseconds. The application consists of a web component implementing JSPs and a business component consisting of a stateless session EJB and an entity EJB accessing a back-end database.

To begin with bottleneck analysis, the following simple check can be adopted to check network traffic:

- A. Perform a netstat output analysis to make sure traffic does not exceed the network bandwidth.
- B. Perform an iostat output analysis to gather network statistics.
- C. Perform a vmstat output analysis to gather network usage stats.
- D. Perform a snoop of the http headers and body to get an idea of the traffic.

Answer: A

QUESTION 8:

Which statement is true about SSL configuration?

- A. SSL can be configured only at the domain level. All the servers in that domain use same SSL configuration.
- B. SSL can be configured at the server level. All the servers in the domain can be configured to use their own SSL settings.
- C. SSL can be configured at the cluster level. All the servers that are part of the clusters use the same SSL configuration.
- D. Once you configure SSL, the normal listen port will be disabled and cannot be used while the SSL port is enabled.

Answer: B

QUESTION 9:

A single application needs to be deployed to multiple differing WebLogic server environments without modifying the existing deployment descriptors. Which one of the

following would help in reconfiguring the application to be suitable for multiple environments?

- A. Multiple J2EE deployment descriptors
- B. Multiple WebLogic-specific deployment descriptors
- C. Multiple deployment plans
- D. Administration console

Answer: C

QUESTION 10:

Scenario : While you are setting up a WebLogic Server domain for a fulfillment service application you have the following requirements: The Fulfillment application should be scalable and highly available; different users will use the application using a different DNS name. This application is also exposed to some business partners using other protocols in addition to HTTP and this site also needs to be configured for transport level security. Different certificates should be installed in the server for different clients (using different DNS names). Even the site should withstand hardware NIC failures too. When retailers access their website (using DNS name), automatically they should be taken to the Stock Control Management web application within the Fulfillment Service. This can be achieved by:

- A. Specifying the Name of the Application to be empty when deploying Stock Control Management web application
- B. Specifying a lower number as the deployment order while deploying Stock Control Management web application
- C. Setting the staging mode for Stock Control Management web application as "Staged"
- D. Configuring the Stock Management Web Application as the default application for the respective virtual host

Answer: D